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For the New Value Creation of Regional (Economic-Political) Diplomacy of The Islamic Republic of Iran In Eurasia (Membership, Goals, Opportunities, **Challenges**

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Abstract

Central Asia (Eurasia) is one of the geostrategic regions in the world that has a good and suitable capacity to improve the economic level of the countries in the region. Despite its membership, can Iran's foreign policy make the best use of these capacities in line with its national interests (issue). What are the goals and achievements of Iran's membership in more regional agreements? The aforementioned political-economic regional agreements are more economic than political. These goals have not been fully achieved so far, because Iran's power and axis of influence in this region is much less than the other two powers (China and Russia). In some cases, the conflict of interests can also be seen (question, hypothesis). The above research is of an applied type and has been analyzed and compiled with a qualitative-interpretive method and a descriptive-analytical approach (type, method). The findings of the research show that the opposition to the global hegemon in the Eurasian region and the cooperation of countries such as Russia, China and Iran in this direction have a significant impact on global equations and at the same time push the unipolar-multipolar system towards multilateralism. Also, the structure and goals of the aforementioned organizations and Iran's membership in them, with the predominance of security-political events, also have economic-political dimensions, which, if understood correctly, create opportunities for Iran in the economic, political, security and commercial fields. be (findings).

Keywords: Central Asia, Eurasian Economic Union, Shanghai, Iran's membership, Regional Integration.

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Introduction: (statement of the problem - goal - question and hypothesis - importance and necessity - background)

Our problem in this research is whether Iran's foreign policy can make the best use of these capacities in line with its national interests. Despite Iran's membership in the Eurasian Economic Union and the Shanghai Regional Pact, can Iran's foreign policy make the best use of these capacities in line with its national interests (problem statement). What are the goals and achievements of Iran's membership in regional pacts? It seems that Iran's membership in the mentioned political-economic regional pacts has more economic than political goals. These goals have not been fully achieved so far, because Iran's power and axis of influence in this region is much less than the other two powers (China and Russia). In some cases, conflict of interest is also seen (question, hypothesis). The importance and necessity of conducting this research also confirms the fact that whether these agreements and unions will solve domestic, regional and international economic problems in practice, or whether they will only be valid on paper. The aim of the research is to analyze the achievements of the regional economy of the Islamic Republic of Iran and help them. (Importance and necessity of research - goal). Masoud Hamiani, Seyyed Mohammad Kazem Sajjadpour, in the article Geopolitics and Eurasian Identity: Iran and the Shanghai Cooperation Organization, (1401), the findings of this research using a qualitative method and an intersubjective horizon show that in a long-term view, the Shanghai Organization is an important mechanism. To achieve some foreign policy goals, especially the look to the east policy, Tehran provides. Full membership also facilitates Tehran's active participation in the formation of regional economic and security regimes (literature and background).

Methodology

The above research has been analyzed and compiled with a qualitative-interpretive method and a descriptive-analytical approach. Also, information and data were collected in a library and note-taking manner.

Findings

Opposing the global hegemon in the Eurasian region and the cooperation of countries like Russia, China and Iran in this direction has a great impact on global equations and at the same time pushes the unipolar-multipolar system towards multilateralism. Also, the structure and goals of the mentioned organizations and Iran's membership in them, with the predominance of security-political events, also has economic-political dimensions, which, if understood correctly, will create opportunities for Iran in the economic, political, security and commercial fields.

Conclusion

Iran's membership and activity in Central Asia (Eurasia) proves that the opposition to the global hegemon in the Eurasian region and the cooperation of countries such as Russia, China and Iran in this direction has a significant impact on global equations, and at the same time, the unimultipolar system Also, the structure and goals of the aforementioned organizations and Iran's membership in them, with the dominance of security-political arrangements, also have economic-political dimensions, which, if understood correctly, provide opportunities for Iran in economic fields. provides political, security and commercial.



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